

Proposed amendments to the constitution.

V "y/^> "'/ ^"c. y'f-e^-^^ df^^r;^ /f^r-t-i f PROPOSED AME^DME:f^TS TO THE CONSTITUTION. held IQ r>llegliany city, January 37, for the i domestic tranquility, provide for the common above object, met in Willard's Hotel, Tuesday 'defence, promote the general welfare, and se-evening, February 9, namely; Professor J. II. I cure the inalienable rights and the blessings McIlvaine, D. D., Frinceton, N. J.; Professor j of(life2liberty{_aud the pursuit of happiness, J. T. Pressley, D. D., Penna.; Rev. John Doug-; to ourselves, ouTposterity, and all the people, The following delegates from the convention i more perfect union, establish justice, insure in our fundamental and organic laiv,- in order that we may consistently implore His merciful interposition in our behalf, to give victory to our national arms, and success to the national cause; to establish the unity of the nation and the authority of the Government, now assaulted and shattered by a horrible rebellion.fci We ask for no union of Church aud 8tate that is a thing which we utterly repudiate; we ask for nothing inconsistent witli the largest religious liberty) Or the rights of conscience in any man. We represent no sectarian or denominational object, but one in whicli all who bear the Christian name, and all who have any regard for the Chi'istian reliiriwu, can cordially agree; and one to secure which we are persuaded that any lawful and wise movement would call forth an overwhelming public sentiment in its support. Wc, therefore, do earnestly hope that you, our beloved Chief Magistrate, will not be in-dilferent to oui- prayer. For, by what you have already done in this cause, and by your integ- rity, firmness, and excellent wisdom, (divinely guided as we believe it has been, and pray that it may ever continue to be.) under the terrible responsibilities laid upon you in this tlie darkS> hour of our country's peril aud rebuke, you have won the coiiQdeuce and atfection of this christian ijeople of this land, beyoiia all your prede- cessors, save mily the Father of his Country. Knou iu'j:, thci, tlie respect and deference with which your sage counsels are listened to by the whole people, and dei niing the present time and occasion most opportune, wearepeisuaded that if you will give this movement your favor and support, it will be successful; and thus j-ou will place yourself in the hearts of the present and of all future generations as one of the greatest benefactors of your country. For, liaving inaugurated those measures which aim to right, so far as that is possible, our great national wrong committed against man, you will have wielded that vast influence with which you have been clotheu by Divine Provi- dence and by the voice of the people to right, so far as that can be done, th^ %^i^ it wn*ong which we as a nation have committed against God in leaving Him out of our political system. The President replied; GE>iTi.EMfN: Tlie general aspect of your movement I cordially approve. In regard to jjarticulars I must ask time to deliberate. lass, D. D., Penna.; Rev. D. C. Page, D. D, Penna; Rev. H. H. George, Ohio; Dr. Sterritt, Penna.; John Alexander, E?q., Ohio; Rev. J. S. T. Milligan, Mich.;



Rev. R. A. Brown, Penna., aud Rev. A. M. Milligan, Penna. The Rev. Dr. Gurley. Rev. Channing, D. D., J. J. Marks, D. D., Rev. B. F. Morris, Rev. R. D. Johnson and Rev. N. R. Crow, of this District, met with the delegation, heard the address pre-pared by Dr. ^McIlvaine, tlie chairman of the committee, and gave it their hearty sanction; most of them signed tlie address and waited on the President with the delegation, Revs. S. O. Wylie and I. B. W. tloane, with Wm. Brown, Esq., delegates from the Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian church to the President, also, by invitation signed the address and acted with the delegation. Through the aid of Senator Sherman, of Ohio, an arrangenient was made with the President for an interview on Wednes- day, 'i\ p. ra., when the delegation was intro- duced to the President by Dr. Gurley, aud the chairii.an made the following address: Mk. President: The object for which we have taken the liberty of trespassing a moment upon your precious timCjCan be explained in very few words. We are the representatives of a mass convention of Christian people, with- out distinction of sect or denomination, which was heldin Alleghfiny city, on the 27th and 28th of January last; aud we are insirueted to lay before your Excellency the action of that con-vention. This action, in two or three brief resolutions, we now respectfully ask your per- mission to read: litmlsed, First, That we deem it a matter of paramount importance to the life and pros-perity aud permanency of our nation that the Constitution be so amended as fully to express the Christian national character. Resolved, Second, That we are encouraged by the success atte. ding the labors of the friends of this movement to jiersevere, in the hope that, with the blessing of God, it will speedily result in tha consummation of its great object. Mcsolved, Third, That the late proclamation of his Excellency the President of the United States, recommending tlie observance of days suggested by the Senate, for the purpose of confessing our national sins, which have pro-voked the divine displeasure, and of iniiiloring forgiveness through Jesus Christ, and also days of national thanksgiving for tlie purpose of making grateful acknowledgemenis of God's mercies; we have pleasing evidence that God is graciously inclining the hearts of those who are in authority over us to recognize His hand Cri^'- in, nacional affairs, and to clierish a sense of otfr dependence as a nation upon Him. Resolved, Fourth, That the following memo- rial aud petition be circulated throughout the United States for signatures: To the Honorable the Senate and Home of Rcpresenta tives in Congress assimbled: We, citizens of the United States, respect-fully petition your honorable bodies to adopt do ordain and establish this Corstitution for the United States of America." And we further petition that such changes, with respect to the oath of office, slavery, and other matters, as may be necessary to give effect to these amendments of the preamble, may be introduced into the body of the Constitutioni^nd we, your humble petitioners, will ever pray, &c., &c. Jiesolved, Fifth, That a committee be ap- pointed to lay this memorial before Congress and before the Pi-esident, with the request that he would make it the subject of a special mes- sage to the National Legislature. We are encouraged, Mr. President, to hope that you will give the great object for which we i^ray your cordial and powerful support, because you have already showu^by many sig- nificant acts of your administration, that the principle on which it rests is dear to your heart. This principle is our national responsibility to God,



which you have expressly and repeatedly re(%nized. We remember that wheu, under one of your precedcessors, an auti-Christidn powers had refused to treat wi'h the United States on the ground that we were a Christian nation, the objection was removed by the au-thoritative statement that we, as a nation, liad no religion; also, that several of your predeces- sors refused, when earnestly importuned, to appoint days of national fasting and thanlys- giving for the same reason, whilst you, sir, within the space of a single year, have thrice, by solemn proclamation, called us either to national fasting, humiliation and prayer, for our many and grievous sins, especially our sin of forgetting God, or to national thanksgiving for His unspeakable mercies. A You, moreover, as no other of our chief magistrate ever did, have soluninly reminded us of the redeeming grace of our blessed Saviour, and of the authority of the Holy Scriptures over us as a people.r^ By such acts as these you have awakened a hope in the Christian people of this land that you represent them in feeling the want of a distinct and plain recognition of the divine authority in the Con-stitution of the United states. For wo hold itt^he work of amending the Constitution should mine of national fasting, humiliation, and prayer, aS | jr most certain truth, that nations, as such, and "not be done hastily. I will carefully exa not individuals alone, are the subjects of God's moral government, are responsible to Him, and by Him are graciously rewarded for their obe- dience, or justly punished for their disobedience of His divine laws. We believe also that our civil aad religious liberties, our free institutions, and all our national prosperity, power and glory, aiemercies and blessinas derived from God to us through the channel of the Christian religion.n Not- withstanding either from inadvertency, or fol-! lowing some Godless theory of civil govern-; ment, w'e have omitted even the mention of I His blessed name in the most siguiUcant and i highest act of the nation. ':' We believe that in thus leaving God out of your paper in order more fully to comprehend its conients than is prssible from merely hear-ing it^9t, aud will take sucli action upon it as my responsibility to '^f Maker and r'i' country demands. The form of petition agreed upon by the Con-vention aud bearing tl-ie names of the commit-tee was prepared for the two Houses of Con- gress, similar petitions were ordered to be circulated throughout the various portions of tlio country for the signaturi-s of the people; and all classes of the community, male aud female, who love our country and desire to have it become that *' blessed nation whose God is the Lord," are earnestly requested to sign and circulate these petitions, copying the form again-t Him, have brought UDon ourselves and such measures as may be necessary for amend- cniidren His just displeasure, opened the tlood- the National Constitution, so that it may "Agates of that political corruption which is the our political system we have grieviously sinned! prepared by the Convention on two sheets, the one for the Senate and the other for the House read, in substance, as follows: 'We, the people of the United States, hum-bly acknowledging Almighty God as the source of all authority and power in civil government, the Lord Jesus Christ as the Governor among the nations, and His revealed Will as the su-mediatCjand given occasion to that prodigious development of the spirit of opprcisiou and injury to thenegro race, which is the immediate source of our present calamities and sorrows. We believe, therefore, that it is our first duty to repent of this

